Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN WARD FENNO, N° 119, Chesnut-Street.

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☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.*

FOR SALE,

At 7 o'clock on Tuesday evening the 5th February, at the Merchants' Coffee House

The Foreign Built

SHIP

GEORGE.

Coppered to light water mark, burthen about 378 tons Custom House measurement, now lying at Wilcox's Wharf, is well found, as per inventory to be seen at the Auction Room—Conditions of sale approved endorsed notes at 90 days.

FOOTMAN & Co.
Auctioneers.

jan. 29 dts

For FREIGHT or CHARTER, to any part of EUROPE,

The Swedish Snow

MARIA,

HANS OLOF KOCK, commander.

A remarkably good vessel, about 220 tons burthen. A freight to Cadiz, or any part of the Mediterranean would be preferred. Enquire of the Captain on board at Vine-Street Wharf.

dec 17 §

For sale by the subscriber,

AT PORTSMOUTH (N.H.)

THE HULL

OF A

NEW SHIP,

80 feet keel, 27 1-2 beam, 12 feet hold, 5, 10 between decks; about 330 tons; with masts, spars and all the carpenter's and smith's work completed; built of good sound seasoned timber and plank; launched in November, 1796, and has been well taken care of since that time.—Further particulars may be known by applying to Messrs. Wharton & Lewis, Philadelphia, or to

THOMAS THOMPSON,

december 21 3aw.tf.

For Sale.

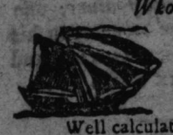
THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.

The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

Who has For Sale,



TWO

Sloops,

Well calculated for the river trade—

The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen, Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.

The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Goldthwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

august 3 §

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 129, SOUTH FRONT STREET,

Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 10 2aw

INSURANCE OFFICE.

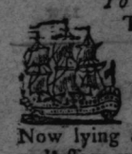
THE Subscribers respectfully inform their commercial friends in particular, and the public in general, that an office for the Insurance of shipping will be opened on Monday next, 28th inst. at No. 95 South Front-street—where a share of the public patronage is solicited

N. & J. FRAZIER.

jan. 25 d1w 1aawim

For Savannah,

To sail the first opening,



The well accommodated and fast sailing SHIP

SWIFT PACKET,

PATRICK GRIBBIN, *Master,*

Now lying at Latimer's wharf.—For Freight or Passage apply to the master on board, or

N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95, South Front Street.

January 22. d1w

DANCING.

Mr. & Mrs. BYRNE,

First Dancers of the NEW THEATRE,

INFORM the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia, that they intend opening an ACADEMY at Four Dollars per Month, or Ten Dollars per Quarter, and mean to teach every fashionable Dance now in use in the politest circles of Europe.—Mr. & Mrs. Byrne having spent their whole lives in the acquirement of their profession, and it being their only employment, encourages them to hope for the generous patronage of a discerning public.

Please to enquire of Mr. & Mrs. Byrne, the corner of Dock and Second streets, or during the hours of Tuition, at Oeller's Hotel, on Tuesdays and Saturdays, from ten till twelve in the morning for Young Ladies, and in the evenings of the same days from six till nine for Gentlemen—To commence on Saturday the 26th January.

January 11. dtf

FOR SALE,

AT NO. 9, SOUTH WATER-STREET.

Irish Linens, 7-8 and 4-4, well assorted, in whole and half boxes

Checks, in ditto
Drogheda's, and Brown 7-8 beetled Linens
Irish Hackled Flax
Scotts Thread
Men and Womens Combs
Russia Duck, of an excellent quality, and
100 hhds. Aux Cayes Molasses.

By ISAAC HARVEY, junr.

12th. mo 17 d4w

The Subscribers,

Have received by the Clothier from Liverpool

A CONSIGNMENT OF TEN CASES OF

Well Assorted Buttons,

About 50l. sterling each Case, which they will dispose of per package, on liberal terms.

Medford & Willis.

No. 78, North Front near Arch-street.

WANTED,

ABOUT fifty Casks of

Flag Annatto or Rocoa,

Apply as above.

dec 21 §

The owners of the ship NEW-JERSEY from Canton expect in a few days part of the Cargo of that vessel in town,

—CONSISTING OF—

A general assortment of Silks & Sattins,
Nankeens, White and Yellow,
Cassia
China Ware assorted
Bohea
Souchong
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson
Hyson, and
Imperial

} TEAS, Of excellent quality, and in Large and Small packages.

For terms of Sale—apply at the Stores of

Nicklin & Griffith,
Archibald M'Call,
Wm Read & Co.
George Plumsted,

dec 26 §

FOR SALE

By the Subscribers,

ON VERY LOW TERMS

WAX CANDLES,

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

Either by the single box of 24lbs. or by the quantity.

Willings & Francis.

nov. 24

Just Arrived,

In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,

Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.

Brimstone.

An assortment of valuable DRUGS,

CONSISTING OF

Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries

ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,

St. Croix Sugars,

Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality.

JAMES YARD.

November 3 §

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.

N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

november 5 ◊

NOTICE.

THE Public are cautioned not to trust any of the people belonging to the Swedish Snow Maria, on my account.

Hans Olof Kock, master.

dec 29 §

FOR SALE,

To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever

Several valuable building Lots,

In Philadelphia,

Enquire of William M. Biddle. no. 147, Chesnut-street.

nov. 22 §

TEA.

A Few Chests of

IMPERIAL TEA,

For sale, on reasonable terms, at No. 42, South Second-street.

december 22 2awtf

FOR SALE,

By the Subscribers

200 Bolts Russia Duck,
50 pipes London particular bill Madeira Wine
1 pair nine pound Cannon
A few Bales Madras Handkerchiefs
4000 lbs Fine Flota Indigo
23 Barrels Beef.

Willings & Francis.

Penn-street, November 28 } §

Now Landing,

From on board the ship John Bulkeley, and for sale at the stores of Jesse & Robert Waln,

350,000 weight of Java Coffee,

of the first quality in bags.

150,000 weight of Java Sugar,

in cannisters.

nov. 23 dtf

NOTICE.

THE public are desired to take notice, that the partnership of SAMUEL BENNETT and SAMUEL CAREY Jun. trading under the firm of BENNETT & CAREY, has dissolved.

SAMUEL BENNETT
BIRD WILSON Attorney for
SAMUEL CAREY Jun.

jan. 4. d2w.

NOTICE.

Joseph Thomas's Creditors are hereby earnestly requested to furnish their Accounts duly attested, as soon as convenient: thereby to enable the Assignees to form an idea of the state of his affairs;—and all those indebted to said THOMAS, are required to make immediate payment to either of the Subscribers.

SAMUEL W. FISHER, } Assignees
WILLIAM BUCKLEY, } of
JOHN HALL. } J. Thomas

dec. 31. dtf

☞ All persons indebted to the Estate of JOSEPH ANTHONY, sen. deceased, are requested to make immediate payment:—And all those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to produce them legally attested to the subscribers for settlement.

JOSIAH HEWES,
JOHN MORTON,
JOSEPH ANTHONY, } Executors.

December 26. dtf

Bank of Pennsylvania,

DECEMBER 27th, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Pennsylvania, that an Election of Nineteen DIRECTORS, to serve for one year, will be held at the Bank, on Monday the fourth of February next, at 10 o'clock.

JONATHAN SMITH, Cashier.

Extract from the seventh Section of the Act of Incorporation.

"Article 2d. Not more than fourteen of the Directors elected by the Stockholders, and actually in office, exclusive of the President, shall be eligible for the next succeeding year; but the Director who shall be President at the time of an election, may always be re-elected."

dt 4F

Sales of valuable Property.

AGREEABLE to the last will and testament of JOSEPH ANTHONY, senior, deceased, will be sold at public sale, on Thursday, 14th February, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Second street, the following

REAL ESTATES,

An elegant three story brick house, situated at the north-east corner of Ninth and High streets, twenty eight feet front, with three story brick buildings, extending on Ninth street, two hundred feet to a 26 feet wide court, on which is erected a brick stable and coach house, the whole finished in the best manner.

Also three Twenty-five feet Lots bounded by Filbert and Ninth Sreet extending back from Filbert Street seventy-five feet to the 26 feet Court before mentioned with the privilege of the said Court.

Also a Lot with the Buildings thereon erected consisting of a New Four Story Brick Building on the east end and a two Story Brick Building on the west end situated in Water Street between Chesnut and Market contnining in breadth Twenty-three feet and extending Eastward into the River Delaware Two hundred and fifty feet bounded eastward by the River Delaware Southward by James Pemberton, Westward by water Street and Northward by Mary Fox's Estate with a reservation of a Cart way across the east end of said lot.

The Conditions will be made known at the time of Sale, and immediate possession of the House and Lots on High and Ninth Streets will be given and of the store and Lots in water Sreet the first of May next.—

JOSIAH HEWES
JOHN MORTON } Executors.
JOSEPH ANTHONY

BENSON & YORKE, Auctioneers.

jan. 9 d14F

TO LET,

THE large House in Southwark, lately occupied by Mr. Henry Mitchell; apply to

Isaac Wharton.

jan. 11 §

Bank of Pennsylvania,

December 31, 1798.

The Stockholders of the Bank of Pennsylvania are hereby notified that their Annual meeting will be held at the Bank on Friday the 1st day of Feburary next at 10 o'clock.

By order of the Board,
JONA. SMITH, *cashier.*

jan 12 dt1stF.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock, standing in the name of Hodgson Atkinson of London, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, capt. Kidd, captured by the French, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

No. 2424, issued in lieu of No. 1891, 1892, 5662 and 16640, for 4 shares.

No. 3020, issued in lieu of 11055, and 11057, for 3 shares.—7 shares.

THOMAS M'EUEN & Co.

nov. 28 d3m

Nicklin & Griffith,

HAVE FOR SALE,

Sail Cloth by the bale or piece, (No. 1 & 8)
One bale of seaming-twine
Copper in sheets, from 24 by 48 to 48 by 60 inches
Two tubs raised copper still bottoms
Queens' ware, assorted in crates
London porter in bottles, contained in cases
Empty port-wine bottles
Yellow ochre in casks
Cochineal in serons
Indigo in do. & casks
35 cases and trunks of muslins, ginghams, dimities, muslinets and pullicat handkerchiefs, in small assorted packages, calculated for the West India market
12 trunks printed callicoes
4 bales cassimeres, assorted
1 do. coarse woolens
Old Madeira wine
Sheathing paper
English nails in casks, assorted,

The Brig

AMAZON,

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

December 10. m w.&sa.tf

JOHN MILLER, junr.

HAS REMOVED FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,

To the Five Story Building, in Dock, near Third-street.

WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,

300 Bales of Bengal Goods;

CONSISTING OF

Cossas
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Taffaties
Striped Doreas
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

Also, a large assortment of

Madras Handkerchiefs,

of various descriptions.

January 1 1awtf

An elegant Chariot,

With plated Harness

For SALE at the Merchant's Coffee House,

On Saturday next,

at 10 o'clock.

FOOTMAN & CO.

jan. 23 d4t

MADEIRA WINE

FOR SALE,

At the late dwelling-house of HENRY HILL, Esq.

On Saturday morning next,

precisely at 11 o'clock.

FOOTMAN & CO.

Approved endorsed notes, at 60 days, will be received in payment.

jan 23 dtTu

Henry Zantzinger,

SURVIVING PARTNER OF THE HOUSE OF

Keppele & Zantzinger,

Will dispose of all their Stock in Trade, upon moderate terms, consisting of the following articles, in packages and open,

Broad and narrow Cloths
Cassimeres, Swansdowns
Plains Beverrets
Coatings, Elastic Cloths
Flannels, Swanskins
Baizes
Red Blankets } in Bales.
Striped &c.
Thicksetts, Velvetts, Corduroys
Fancy Cords, Vest Coating
Jeans, Fustians, Nankeens
Cott. Bandanoes Romalls
Linnen and Cotton pocket Handkerchiefs
Pulicat and other ditto
Silk Hdkfs Ferrets
Olive, purple and chintz Shawls
Apron Checks
Calicoes and Chintzes } in Trunks
Furnitures
Camblets, Calimancoes
Durants
1. Spinning & other Stuffs
Sewing Silks, Twist
Ginghams, Bengal Stripes
Beaver Gloves and Bindings
Coloured and Scotch Threads
Men's and Women's Cot. Hose
Do do. Silk do.
Men's Beaver Hats
Pocket and Children's Knives
Barlow and other Penknives
Knives and Forks, Butchers Knives
Scissors, Shears, Razors
Ivory, horn, and other Combs
Needles, Spectacles, and Spoons,
Thimbles, Curry Combs &c. &c.

N. B. A large assortment of Pearl, Steel and other Buttons.

jan 22 d7t

AUGUSTUS FRICKE,

Woollen Draper & Men's Mercer

No. 7, South Third street,

HAS RECEIVED,

per the last arrival from Europe, a large assortment of the fashionable Goods in his line,

And has constantly for sale a general assortment of

First rate London superfine Broad Cloths
Cassimeres
Vest Patterns of all kinds
And every other article in the gentleman's line by wholesale and retail.

december 10 dtf

CHINA GOODS,

Just received per the ship New-Jersey from Canton

AND FOR SALE

BY ARCHIBALD M'CALL,

At his Store No. 187, south Second street,

—VIZ—

An assortment of Teas of the first quality,
White and yellow nankeens
Cassia, silk umbrellas
an assortment of china ware,
and a variety of SILKS, consisting of
Black and colored Lutestring
do. do. sattins
do. do. sendshaws
do. do. silk handkerchiefs
do do. sewing silks
Black Taffeties

ALSO,

12 pipes of excellent Madeira Wine, fit for immediate use,

jan 24 §

AT PRIVATE SALE,

Several very elegant Situations for

SUMMER RETREATS,

Three and an half miles from the court-house near Frankfort road.

THESE situations are considered in point of health, beauty and elegance, equal to any near the city; commanding a very extensive view of the Delaware, the shipping in the harbor, the city, Harrogate, Frankford, and several elegant country seats.

Any person desirous of viewing the grounds will please apply to HENRY HAINES, on the premises, and for terms, which will be made easy, to ABRAHAM SHOEMAKER, no. 124, south Fourth street, and for title to

BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, Esq.

Arch, between Second and Front streets.

jan. 8 d2w

REAL ESTATES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Offers for sale the following described property, —*viz.*—

ON HIGH-STREET,

A LOT of ground on the south side thereof, between 7th and 8th streets, containing in front 23 feet 8 inches and extending in depth southward 306 feet.

The improvements on this lot are a substantial Brick Dwelling House, three stories high, with garrets and an extensive range of back buildings also of three stories—the whole comprising two genteel parlours—a spacious drawing room—back parlour—kitchen—wash house, &c. and a great number of bed-chambers. It has the privilege of passage into Market-street, through a 3 feet wide alley communicating with the yard.

Another lot on the same situation and next adjoining, westward to the one above described, containing in front, on Market street, 20 feet 8 inches by 306 feet in depth, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house and kitchen well calculated to accommodate a small family.

The back ground of both these lots is rendered healthy and pleasant by gravel walks and grass plats and a number of fruit and forest trees growing thereon. Each lot hath the privilege of a passage into Eighth-street through a 15 feet wide alley extending to the same from the back ends.

One other Lot of ground adjoining to and eastward of the subscriber's Dwelling House, containing in front 33 feet and extending southward to the depth of 306 feet—on which are erected a substantia Brick Dwelling House, 18 feet front, with garrets and very convenient back buildings of the same height and materials. Also a Carriage House and Stables built of wood.

ON CHESNUT STREET.

A Lot of Ground on the north side, and between Seventh and Eighth Streets, containing in front 102 feet, and extending in depth northward 178 feet. This Lot is also accommodated with a passage into Eighth Street, through the above described alley.

In the town of Dover,

KENT COUNTY, DELAWARE STATE.

Eight Lots of Ground adjoining each other, on the west side of King street, containing in front on the same 505 feet, and extending in depth westward about 402 feet, on which are erected a two story Brick Dwelling House, and another Brick Building adjoining, suitable for a Store or Office together with several frame tenements—a stream of water runs through the south part of the lot, where a tan-yard might be improved to advantage.

Payment of a part of the purchase money will be required—the remainder may be at interest for a number of years by giving the premises in security, &c.

RICHARD RUNDLE.

jan 11 d1w 2awtf

No. 128,

The south-east corner of Market and Fouth streets,

JACOB COX,

HAS just received by the late arrivals from Europe, a large, general and elegant assortment of the most

Fashionable Merchandize,

(in the gentlemen's line)—The whole of which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices for cash.

dec. 19 2awtf

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.

JOHN NIXON & CO.

December 1. §

NOTICE.

THE Creditors of Ponteus Delere Stelle, of Trenton, who have, or shall, by the first of March next, sign the discharge of the said Stelle, will please to present their accounts to either of the subscribers, made up to the first of August 1797, as there will be a dividend made on the first of April next. The discharge will be in the possession of W. Mott, No. 62 Dock-street, until the first of March next.

JAMES W. CLEMENT, } Acting
WILLIAM MOTT, } assignees.

jan. 10. 3awim

Just Imported,

Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double-headed, and canister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 or per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted

For Sale by

SIMON WALKER,
Pine near 5th street.

October 29. co.tf.

For Sale,

TEN or twelve Tons, Clover & Timothy

HAY,

Of the first quality.—Apply at No. 43, Almond-street.

jan. 8. 1awtf

Lots on Ground Rent.

SEVERAL advantageous Lots for Building, on Germantown ſtreet, between the 5 and 6 mile ſtone, to let on ground rent—Enquire at No. 120 North Second-ſtreet.

jan. 30. tuw&f

*** *Sale of Madeira Wine at the late dwelling house of Henry Hill, Esq. is postponed until Saturday next, at 11 o'clock.*

jan. 28 *dtSat.*

City Dancing Aſſembly.

THE Managers inform the Subſcribers that the next Aſſembly will be held on Thurſday next the 31ſt inſt

jan. 29.

POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, Jan. 28, 1799.

LETTERS for the Britiſh Packet, for Falmouth, (England) will be received at this office, until Tueſday the 5th February, at 12 o'clock, noon.

N. B. The inland poſtage to New-York, muſt be paid at this office.

VOLUNTEER GRENADIERS.

January 28th, 1799.

THE gentlemen compoſing this corps are ordered to aſſemble, on Thurſday evening next, 7 o'clock, at the City Tavern.

N. B. Important Elections to take place.

By command,
G. K. HARRISON, 1ſt Serj't.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Two unfurniſhed rooms, and the uſe of a kitchen for a ſmall family; a front parlour on the firſt floor will be preferred. Apply to No. 18, Branch Street.

jan. 29. ¶ 3t

18,000 wt. Java Coffee,
500 pieces Nankeens,

A ſmall invoice of China, well aſſorted, and a few pieces colored Luteſtrings, entitled to drawback, FOR SALE BY

THOMAS GREEVES,
No. 73, Walnut-ſtreet.

jan. 28 3aw2w

ANY Perſons wanting paſſage to France, can obtain it in the Swediſh Barque Neptune, Daniel Jaderbom, maſter, lying at New-York, by applying to Mr. Letombe, or to Richard Soderſtrom, Conſul General of Sweden, in this city.

jan. 24 §

TO-MORROW,
WILL BE LANDED,
From on board of the Brig SUSANNA,
Captain HUNT, *from Cadiz,*
SHERRY WINE,
In Quarter Caſks.
For ſale, by
PHILIPS CRAMOND & Co.

jan. 28 3t

50 Hhds. Santa Cruz Sugar,

IN Stores of John Nixon, eſq. & Co. a quantity of Iriſh Sail Canvaſs and a Box of Mace,

For ſale by
STEPHEN KINGSTON;
46 Walnut-ſtreet.

jan. 29. ¶ eod3t

All Perſons

Indebted to the Eſtate of HENRY HILL, deceaſed are requeſted to make payment to the ſubſcriber; and thoſe having any demands on the ſame to produce their accounts for ſettlement.

GIDEON H. WELLS,
no. 139, Market ſtreet

Philadelphia, dec. 4, 1798 cotf

TO BE LET,
A COMMODIOUS THREE STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

in Walnut near Fifth Street, and adjoining the ſubſcriber BENJAMIN W. MORRIS.

January 26. eod3t

To be Sold, or Let
ON GROUND RENT, FOREVER,

A NUMBER of very handſome Building Lots, on the South ſide of Arch-ſtreet, near Ninth ſtreet, and on Ninth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets.

ALSO,

A few Lots of four acres each; on a high, dry, and elegant ſituation, within three miles from the city—Enquire at No. 218 Arch-ſtreet.

jan. 30. 2aw3w

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
John & James Poultney,

BEING diſſolved by mutual conſent, all perſons indebted to them are requeſted to make immediate payment to either of the ſubſcribers; and thoſe having demands to preſent their accounts for ſettlement.

JOHN POULTNEY,
JAMES POULTNEY.

1ſt mo 30 w&frtf

R. TAYLOR,
MUSIC PROFESSOR,

NO. 96, NORTH SIXTH-STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Public that he continues to teach Ladies the *Piano Forte* as uſual.

Nov. 6. tuthsa

Removal.

THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*

HAS removed to No. 126, ſouth Front ſtreet, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs as formerly, and has on hand a complete aſſortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'

HATS.

Canada Beaver & Muſk-rat Skins,

With a complete aſſortment of FURS, always for ſale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete aſſortment of

Faſhionable Engliſh Hats,

Which he now offers for ſale at very reduced prices.

jan. 29 1aw6m

Canal Lottery, No. II.

COMMENCED drawing the 7th inſtant—There are only about 2000 tickets to draw and the Wheel upwards of 30,000 dollars richer than at the beginning.—Tickets, *Ten Dollars* each, to be had at WM. BLACKBURN'S Lottery and Brokers Office, No. 64, South Second Street,—Where Check Books are kept for regiſtering and examination in this, the City of Waſhington Lotteries, &c. &c.———Tickets, from the ſtate of the Wheel and the few that are now for ſale, will riſe in future after every days drawing; and that the public in general may have an opportunity of becoming purchaſers, the drawing is poſtponed till Saturday, the 2d inſt, when it will continue until finiſhed.

jan. 19. 1aw

Note—The buſineſs of a Broker duly attended to, in all its branches.

A Farm for Sale.

WILL be ſold, in purſuance of an order of Orphans Court of Delaware county, on Monday the 25th February next, at the houſe of W. Anderſon, in the Borough of Cheſter, at one o'clock, P. M.

THE PLANTATION,

Late the property of Raper Hoſkins, deceaſed, ſituate in the ſaid Borough, containing about 220 acres, of which between 43 and 50 acres are excellent upland and marſh meadow; about 40 acres of woodland; the remainder is arable land, of a good quality—The whole has been uſed for many years as a grazing farm and is under an almoſt new cedar fence; there are on the farm a good two ſtory ſtone dwelling houſe and kitchen in good repair; the dwelling houſe has four rooms on a floor, with a convenient entry; there is a good kitchen garden, two good apple orchards, one containing about ſix acres young and healthy; a good tenant's houſe, barn, ſtables and chair houſe. The banks are in good repair, and walled in front with ſtone.

Alſo at the ſame time and place will be ſold 15 acres of marſh meadow, in the neighbourhood of the farm, under good bank, and in high cultivation. Any perſon deſirous of viewing the premiſes, will be ſhewn them by applying in Cheſter to

ELEANOR HOSKINS, Admin'x.

January 18, 1799.

Who deſires all thoſe indebted to the late R. Hoſkins, to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have demands againſt his eſtate, to preſent them to her for ſettlement.

b3awtdſ

GEORGE DAVIS'S
LAW-BOOK STORE,

No. 319 HIGH STREET.

Latest London & Irish Editions.

GEORGE DAVIS'S Fall importation is now arranged of which a more capital collection he believes was never offered for ſale either in this City, London or Dublin It combines almoſt every book in, with ſeveral valuable books out of print. Davis's confining himſelf to the ſale of Law-Books only, it will appear obvious to profeſſional Gentlemen, the advantages they have both in ſelection and price by purchaſing from him.

His Catalogues being ready, gentlemen will particularly oblige him by calling for them—and to thoſe reſiding at a diſtance, by favoring him with their addreſs (poſt-paid) they ſhall be ſent.

nov 26 m&th1m

January 23d, 1799.

IN purſuance of a reſolve of the Preſident and Managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company,

The Stockholders are hereby notified and required to pay ten dollars on each of their reſpective ſhares of ſtock, on or before the firſt day of March next, to the Treaſurer of the Company at their office near the Bank of Pennſylvania.

Extract from the minutes,
GEORGE WORRALL, Sec'ry.
WILLIAM GOVETT, Treaſurer.

jan. 25. frſa4w.

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the Eſtate of ABRAHAM DICKS, Eſq. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and all thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid Eſtate to authenticate and preſent them for ſettlement. Alſo, all thoſe who have depoſited writings with ſaid deceaſed to apply for them to

WILLIAM PENNOCK. Adm'r.

Springfield, Delaware county, 1ſt mo. 8th, 1799.

jan. 8 1awtf,

This day Publiſhed,

AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,

The ESSAYS under the Signature of
VIRGINIENSIS,
ON THE ALIEN AND SEDITION LAWS.

(Price 25 cents, 12mo.)

IT is perhaps futile to expect to work conviction in the minds of ſo inveterate and vicious a claſs of men, as the Democrats of America, by any arguments however forcible, or any diſplay of truth, however irreſiſtible: Theſe writings are, however, calculated to produce a more important and uſeful effect, by placing the ſubject in its true light before honeſt men, who are uninformed, or have been miſinformed as to the nature and objects of thoſe bills.

jan. 15 6t

TO THE
Promoters of Literature.

THE managers of the Beula Seminary, impelled by motives of pure morality, having reſolved to diſpoſe of the following property by way of LOTTERY, in order to aſſiſt them in erecting a convenient building for the accommodation of one hundred ſtudents, and the neceſſary profeſſors in the different departments of ſcience—do offer for ſale three hundred and fifty lots in BEULA, each fifty-eight feet by one hundred and twenty-five, at twenty dollars per ticket, each ticket entitled to a lot to be determined by ballot; ten dollars to be paid on receipt of the ticket, and the remaining ten on the delivery of the deed. The ballot to take place before impartial men, as ſoon as the whole number of tickets are ſold.

The managers, anticipating the difficulty of obtaining caſh for the whole, have reſolved to receive an equivalent, for ſome of the lots, in ſelect books; philoſophical apparatus, or in produce and materials for building, delivered on the ſpot.

It may be obſerved, that the value of prizes in this lottery will be more than double the amount of all the tickets; for 350 lots, would at their average eſtimation, produce at leaſt 15,750 dollars; whilſt, according to the preſent propoſals, the ſum obtained for them will be only 7,000 dollars.

Tickets may be had during this winter, of *Morgan J. Rhees,* preſident of the board of managers, no. 177, ſouth Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia; who will receive propoſals and plans for the erection of the building. It is intended to be of brick or ſtone; its ſituation on the ſummit of a gradual riſing eminence, commanding an extenſive proſpect of the ſurrounding country; an obſervatory to be on its top.

Land and out lots in the vicinity of the Town may be had on moderate terms by applying as above. Mechanics and laborers, of good morals will meet with encouragement.

jan. 19. 3aw2m

Foreign Intelligence,
Via Charleston.

NAPLES, October 2.

Among the Britiſh ſhips of war, which have arrived here, is the Culloden of 74 guns, commanded by captain Trowbridge. This ſhip, as is well known, in the beginning of the great ſea engagement of Aboukir, run on a ſand-bank, and could not be got off again for three days. On board of her, when ſhe arrived here, were 32 French officers, priſoners, who, were not permitted to land: but after giving their word not to ſerve againſt Britain during the war, were ſent away in a ſelucca. Among them was rear-admiral Blanquet. They have ſince arrived at Rome. When the Culloden anchored in the harbor of Naples, ſir William Hamilton went on board her, to pay his reſpects to captain Trowbridge. More than 20 boats with bands of muſic ſurrounded the ſhip.

BRUSSELS, October 28.

The corps of 300 men, which left this city the day before yeſterday, attacked the Rebels with the greateſt vigour near the town of Hal, killed about 40 of them, and diſperſed the reſt; nevertheleſs they could not purſue their advantage far, on account of the number of armed peaſants which aſſembled near Engheim, at the ſound of their tocſin.

There was a very warm action near Louvain the day before yeſterday. The gates of that city remain ſhut, becauſe it is threatened by the rebels, particularly by thoſe of Campine. Though Malmes is in a ſtate of ſiege, yet every thing remains tranquil.—General Beguinot has ordered the inhabitants to give up their arms and ammunition, under pain of being conſidered as rebels.

All perſons who arrive from Flanders, agree in ſtating that they have been ſtopped on different roads by bodies of inſurgents. Theſe corps are commanded by captains, ſome of whom were dreſſed in ſhort ſcarlet jackets. They have liſts of thoſe who are devoted to plunder and pillage: thoſe who are not in theſe liſts, are permitted to paſs without moleſtation.

October 29.

The criminal revolt which has manifeſted itſelf in ſeveral of our departments, appears to be on the increaſe. It is now ſpreading in part of the departments of the Scheldt, of the two Nethes of the Dyle, and of Jemappe. Reinforcements of troops are daily arriving, and they are highly neceſſary; for the ſoldiers are haraſſed by the fatigue of the numerous engagements which are every inſtant taking place. The town of Lierre, ſituated at the diſtance of three leagues from Malmes, was one of the chief places in which the rebels had choſen to organize themſelves. It was attacked on the day before yeſterday by the Republicans, and taken after a bloody engagement. The Tree of Liberty was again planted there, and all the papers of the municipality were burnt by the rebels, and the town-houſe pillaged. The village of Boom, ſituated at the diſtance of two leagues from Antwerp, on the Canal, where the revolters had formed a committee of inſurrection, was alſo attacked and taken, after a warm action. On the ſame day at ſix in the morning, the village of Cuenpiath, between Antwerp and Malines, was carried by the republicans at the point of the bayonet. On the 26th, 27th and 28th, ſeveral terrible battles were fought between Hal, Enghien, and the village of St. Tonello. The troops from Bruſſels and Mons are, thoſe who have attacked and beaten the inſurgents in ſeveral bloody rencounters. On the other hand, the armed inhabitants of Dieſte and of the Campine, have advanced to the gates of Louvain, where they attacked ſeveral poſts of troops. The republican columns detached for the purpoſe of attacking theſe inſurgents, were to do it this morning. The corps of rebels who have marched againſt Louvain appear to be very nnmerous. Their chiefs levy contributions and make requiſitions of men. The municipality of Louvain have quitted the city, where there no longer appeared any ſafety, and yeſterday morning Louvain was put in a ſtate of ſiege.

Bruſſels is ſtill the aſylum of a great number of municipal officers, juſtices of peace, emiſſaries of the Directory, and other public functionaries, who have retired thither in order to withdraw themſelves from the rage of the inſurgents in the country. Although we are very quiet, yet ſix pieces of cannon have been brought from Malines for the defence of the place. They write from Malines that orders have been iſſued there for cutting down all the trees which were within ſix hundred paces of the walls of that place, and for fortifying it as well as time and circumſtances will permit.

The two laſt Mails from Holland have not arrived; all the couriers who now travel in this part are eſcorted by a body of cavalry.

LONDON, October 29.

Captain Berry, of the Vanguard, who was on board the Leander at the time of her capture, has written to his wife and her father, Dr. Forſter, of Norwich, from Corfu. Sept. 7 in which he ſtates that the Leander, having been much injured in the action off the Nile, in which ſhe acquitted herſelf with diſtinguiſhed credit, was compelled to ſtrike to le Genereux of 74 guns, after a feeble reſiſtance, the Genereux had 20 men killed, and a conſiderable number wounded. We are happy to ſtate that captain Berry, together with captain Thompſon, of the Leander and his brave officers and crew, experienced the kindeſt attention at Corfu; from whence they expected ſhortly to return to England.

PORTSMOUTH November 5.

Diſpatches were this morning brought from Havre, that the French ſquadron are moving; in conſequence of which the Hydra, of 40 guns, Sir F. Laſorey; Charon of 44 guns, captain Manby; with the Echo Sloop, capt. Hammond, were immediately ordered for ſea, and ſail this evening.

Domeſtic Articles.

From the Trenton FEDERALIST.

FECUNDITY.

JAMES HUNTER, a man of about 50 years of age, his wife 30, living on the lands of William Stockton, eſquire, of Eveſham townſhip in the county of Burlington, had *eight* children at *three* births; *two* at a birth *reſpectively*, and *four* at the *third*; the laſt four died. She is the mother of, in all, about *twenty* children.

On Monday laſt, in the Houſe of Aſſembly of this ſtate, Mr. Pennington, of the county of Eſſex, ſubmitted to the Houſe certain reſolutions, the purport and object of which was to call a Covention to reviſe the Conſtitution of the United States!!! The Houſe refuſed to have the paper read a ſecond time, and Mr. Pennington took it off the table!!! No notice is taken of it in the minutes of the Houſe!!! Truly this gentleman deſerves well of the good people of New-Jerſey!!!

FOREIGN INFLUENCE.

It may perhaps with ſome reaſon be queſtioned whether the members of the convention who formed the Federal Conſtitution ever read the BIBLE; or if they did, it is pretty clear they did not take it for their guide. As there is conſiderable ſaid at this time with reſpect to an alteration of the Conſtitution, ſo as to exclude *foreigners* from the councils of the nation; and as it is ſo much more the faſhion now-a-days to read newſpapers, than the Bible, if the following verſe from the Book of Deuteronomy, is inſerted in a conſpicuous place in the paper, it will without doubt get read. It is as follows, Deut. chap. 17. verſe 15.

"Thou ſhalt in any wiſe ſet him King over thee whom the Lord thy God ſhall chuſe; one *from among thy brethren*, ſhalt thou ſet King over thee: thou mayeſt *not ſet* a STRANGER *over* thee *which is not thy brother.*"

Had the above verſe been attended to, it is very certain, it would have ſaved the United States ſome millions of dollars, beſides the eternal diſgrace of a *Gallatin*, a *Lyon*, *&c.*

AMOR PATRIÆ.

It is quite ludicrous to liſten to the babbling of a *modern* patriot. The greateſt efforts of public ſpirit now-a-days riſe no higher than a *lampoon* upon the federal government, or a ſilly exclamation upon the *rights of man.* The brighteſt patriot has no other object than to ingratiate himſelf with a party, or ſecure his re-election: for this he ſhuffles, and trims, and deals out proteſtations of love to his country, of the poor, and of the liberty and equal rights of man; but you will never hear him attempt to ſupport the *national rights*, and ſtand forth the decided advocate for meaſures really calculated to redreſs *national wrongs.*

NEW-JERSEY.

It would be rare, if ſome *diſcontented*, and ſome *intriguing* people, ſhould not be found in a population of nearly 200,000 ſouls upon the whole, however, there are *very few* of that deſcription. The *Legiſlature* of New-Jerſey, have ſteadily purſued meaſures, calculated to repreſs the attempts of thoſe ſtates who are hoſtile to the *confederacy*, as eſtabliſhed by the compact of 1787. Previous to that period, her ſituation was the moſt degraded imaginable; the ſmile of Iſſachar, who is deſcribed like an aſs bending between *two* burdens was applied to her with as much malice as juſtice. New-York and Pennſylvania, levied at leaſt 80,000 dollars a year upon her induſtrious agriculture, for the ſupport and enriching of their *ſtate* treaſuries, one *farthing* of which never *returned*; whereas the impoſt now goes into the *general treasury*, and from thence is returned, with *intereſt*, to the ſtate, in ſupporting her *independence*, in paying her proportion of the *public debt*, in maintaining her *military* eſtabliſhment, and in diſpenſing *civil* juſtice.

LYING.

As the good people of New-Jerſey deteſt liars and malicious ſlanderers, either of individuals or public bodies, I have no doubt they will be happy to know, that on the *14th of July*, 1798, Congreſs (among other things calculated to inſure the peace, happineſs, liberty and independence of their conſtituents) paſſed a law, which enacted, "That if *any* perſon ſhall write, print, utter or publiſh, or *cauſe* to be written, printed, uttered or publiſhed, or ſhall *knowingly* or *wilfully aid* in writing, printing, uttering or publiſhing, any FALSE, SCANDALOUS and MALICIOUS *writing*, againſt the *government* of the United States, or either *Houſe of Congreſs*, or the *President* of the United States, with INTENT to *defame* the ſaid government, or either Houſe of Congreſs, or the Preſident, or to bring them, or either of them into *contempt* or diſrepute, or to *excite* againſt them, or either of them, the *hatred* of the *people* of the United States; or to excite *unlawful* combinations therein, *for oppoſing or reſiſting* any LAW of the United States, or any act of the Preſident of the United States, done in *purſuance* of ſuch law, or of the powers *veſted* in him by the *conſtitution* of the United States; or to oppoſe or defeat any ſuch law or act; or to *aid*, encourage or abet, any *hoſtile* deſigns of any *foreign nation*, againſt the United States; their people or government, *ſuch* perſon ſhall be puniſhed by a *fine* not exceeding two thouſand dollars, and impriſonment not exceeding two years."

The act further provides, that the perſon accuſed of a libel, ſhall be tried by a *jury*, and may plead in his juſtification, the *truth* of the publication as a defence; ſo that whatever is *true*, cannot be within the act.

Now, Mr. Craft, no man of common honeſty, and who is a good citizen, who loves his country, and regards the truth, who deteſts *liars*, and the venders of *malicious ſcandal*, deſigned to ſap the foundations of our free and happy federal conſtitution and government, can read the foregoing law, without giving to it his full and entire approbation; yet this is the law which *Virginia* and her little *ſatellite* Kentucky, denounce as a law reſtraining the *natural* rights of the American people.

I ſhall here ſubjoin the ſubſtance of the foregoing matter, contained in this act, relative to ſeditious publications, to give you, and your readers a *proſpectus* of what the Virginians, and all jacobins and democrats, hold to be an infringement of their "*natural* rights." I would juſt obſerve however, in the firſt place, that this act takes no cogniſance of any defamatory *words ſpoken* of the government, or about it, but merely of *writings*; and it enacts, that if any perſon ſhall be found guilty, on a full trial by a *jury* of his country, of having written, or cauſed to be written, or aided in writing, *and publiſhing*, any *falſe*, *ſcandalous and malicious* writing.

1. Againſt the GOVERNMENT of the United States; or
2. Againſt the PRESIDENT of the United States;
3. Againſt either HOUSE OF CONGRESS; with

INTENT

to *defame* them, or either of them, and to bring them into *contempt*, or to excite againſt them the *hatred* of the *people* of the United States, or with

INTENT

4 To excite *unlawful combinations* in the United States,
   1. For oppoſing or reſiſting any *law* of the United States; or,
   2. For oppoſing any *lawful* and *conſtitutional* act of the Preſident of the United States; or,
   3. For aiding and encouraging any *hoſtile deſigns* againſt the United States, their people, or their government;

SUCH PERSON

ſhall be puniſhed by *fine* and *impriſonment*. (It ought to be by *hanging.*)

Thus we ſee what the *democrats* conſider as the LIBERTY OF THE PRESS; what they hold to be among the "*natural rights of republican citizens.*" Surely every honeſt man ought to pray night and day, that a law which is made to protect the country againſt ſedition, rebellion and deſtruction, may be made *perpetual.*

Theſe men had the effrontery, when convinced, and when they admit that none but *traitors* and notorious *villians* can be puniſhed under this act, to pretend it is *unconſtitutional.* They know better than this; Gallatin, Livingſton, Nicholas, all *know* this, though they weave ſyllogiſms and ſophiſtications by the mile, to prove the contrary; and I have no doubt, if it anſwered their purpoſe as well, of bringing the *government into contempt*, they could prove that a Preſident or Senate was unconſtitutional.

MATTHEW LYON, it is ſaid will, after his exit from a dungeon, make a triumphal entry into Congreſs Hall. *Quere?* whether he will be honoured with a *new carpet* to *ſpit* upon? Or will not the ſpitters ſtrew their *garments* in his way?

GEORGE LOGAN! Who will hereafter deny that *merit* is ever *rewarded* in this world? LYON and LOGAN can give the lie to this ſilly ſaying: *par nobile fratum;* one *ſpits* upon congreſs, and the *other* upon his *country*—the people ſing HOSANNAS, and make them RULERS IN THE LAND!!!

LEGISLATURE of MASSACHUSETTS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

TUESDAY JAN. 22.

After the conſideration of a variety of local and leſs intereſting buſineſs was attended to,

The Hon. Mr. Hayward brought down from the Senate, an order directing the Secretary to notify Triſtam Jordon, Eſq. to appear on Wedneſday the 13th February, to ſhew cauſe, why an addreſs of the two houſes ſhould not be made to the Governor to remove the ſaid Jordon from his office, as a juſtice of the peace, for the county of York; which, after debate, was concurred in.—[☞ *The charge againſt Jordon is for ſeditious expreſſions to the following effect:*] "That JOHN ADAMS ought to have loſt his head ſome years ago;—that it was he who *duped* the late Preſident WASHINGTON to reſign his office, that he himſelf might be choſen in his place, concluding with his firſt expreſſion, that JOHN ADAMS ought to have loſt his head four years ago."—*The Legiſlature have alſo directed that witneſſes attend to teſtify reſpecting ſaid Jordon's uſing ſaid expreſſions.*

A SHORT AND PRACTICAL
ESSAY,
ON
FARMING:

BEING the experience of a farmer of about ſixty years of age; near forty years of which were ſpent in England, Eſſex county, on land where farming is done in the greateſt perfection: and near ſeven years on three hundred and twenty acres of worn-out land in Pottſgrove and Alloway creek, in Salem county, Weſt-Jerſey:

Shewing the means whereby theſe worn-out lands may be improved; and that the means are in the power of almoſt every farmer:

Printed for the Author,
AND SOLD
BY ZACHARIAH POULSON,
Cheſnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

N. B.—Some of the large ſort of Clover ſeed may be had at Mr. John Cooper's, baker, no 152 Race-ſtreet.

December 13, 1aw

PRINTING WORK,
Of Every Kind,

EXECUTED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

At the OFFICE *of the* GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES,

Oct. dtf.

Late Foreign Articles

Received by His Britannic Majesty's Packet, which arrived at New-York on Monday afternoon.

LONDON, November 20.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF PEERS.

Tuesday, Nov. 20.

This day at 3 o'clock, his Majesty came down to the house of peers in the usual state, and being seated in his royal robes on the throne, Sir Francis Molyneaux, bart. gentleman usher of the black rod, was sent to order the attendance of the commons; that house forthwith appeared at the bar, when his Majesty was pleased to open the session of Parliament with the following most gracious

SPEECH:

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"The events which have taken place in the course of the present year, and the signal success which by the blessing of providence, has attended my arms, have been productive of the happiest consequences, and have essentially promoted the prosperity and glory of our country.

"The unexampled series of our naval triumphs has received fresh splendor from the memorable and decisive action, in which a detachment of my fleet, under the command of rear admiral lord Nelson, attacked and almost totally destroyed a superior force of the enemy, strengthened by every advantage of situation.

"By this great and brilliant victory, an enterprize, of which the injustice, perfidy, and extravagance had fixed the attention of the world, and which was peculiarly directed against some of the most valuable interests of the British empire, has in the first instance been turned to the confusion of its authors; and the blow thus given to the power and influence of France, has afforded an opening which, if improved by suitable exertions on the part of other powers, may lead to the general deliverance of Europe.

"The wisdom and magnanimity displayed at this conjuncture by the Emperor of Russia, and the decision and vigour of the Ottoman Porte have shewn, that those powers are impressed with a just sense of the present crisis; and their example, joined to the disposition manifested almost universally in the different countries struggling under the yoke of France, must be a powerful encouragement to the other states, to adopt that vigorous line of conduct, which experience has proved to be alone consistent with security or honor

"The extent of our preparations at home and the demonstrations of zeal and spirit among all ranks of my subjects, have deterred the enemy from executing their vain threat of invading the coasts of this kingdom.

"In Ireland, the rebellion which they had instigated has been curbed and repressed, the troops which they landed for its support, have been compelled to surrender; and the armaments since destined for the same purpose have, by the vigilance and activity of my squadrons, been captured or dispersed.—The views and principles of those, who, in concert with our inveterate enemy, have long planned the subversion of our constitution, have been fully detected and exposed, and their treasons made manifest to the world.—Those whom they had misled or seduced, must now be awakened to their duty; and a just sense of the miseries and horrors which these traiterous designs have produced, must impress on the minds of all my faithful subjects, the necessity of continuing to repel with firmness every attack on the laws and established government of their country.

"*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

"Under the unavoidable pressure of protracted war, it is a great satisfaction to me to observe, that the produce of the public revenue has proved fully adequate to the increase of our permanent expenditure; that the national credit has been maintained and improved; and that the commerce and industry of my subjects have continued to flourish in a degree hitherto unknown.

The situation in which we are placed, unhappily renders the continuance of heavy expences indispensible to the public safety; but the state of our resources, and the good sense and public spirit which prevail through every part of my kingdom, will, I trust, enable you to provide the necessary supplies without essential inconvenience to my people, and with as little addition as possible to the permanent burdens of the state. The progress made toward such a system, by the measures adopted in the last session, and the aid given to public credit by the plan for the redemption of the land tax, have been attended with the most beneficial effects, which you will, I am persuaded, omit no opportunity to confirm and improve.

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"I rely with confidence on the continuance of your exertions, to enable me ultimately to conduct the great contest in which we are engaged, to a safe and honorable conclusion.

"We have surmounted many and great difficulties—our perseverance in a just cause has been rewarded with distinguished success, and our present situation, compared with that of other countries, sufficiently proves how much, in a period of general danger and calamity, the security and happiness of the British nation have depended (under the blessing of Providence) on its own constancy, its energy, and its virtue."

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

ADDRESS.

Lord Grenville Levison said, he rose pursuant to the task which he had undertaken, of moving an address in reply to the gracious speech which they had just heard read. No talents that he possessed were sufficient to do justice to the topics there touched upon; it required those splendid powers of eloquence so often heard from others within those walls, to point out the glowing those objects then alluded to; but at the same time, he felt inexpressible satisfaction, that at the moment when he must acknowledge how inadequate his utmost exertion of ability was to express those sentiments imprinted in his mind, that the causes which gave birth to those feelings were so great, so marked, and so strong, that they required no aid from eloquence; they wanted not the recommendation of words, but being only contemplated they must impress the same deep conviction in the breast of all, and by their native force alone demand the concurrent opinion and unanimity of the whole house.

The circumstances of the country, he conceived now to be such, that whatever differences of opinion had heretofore existed, they must now be entirely done away, and that there could remain but one opinion respecting the line of conduct which at the present crisis we ought to pursue, namely, that we ought to persevere with vigor until we could obtain a peace with probable security and upon honorable terms. He begged leave to call the attention of the house to the arguments and reasonings upon the late negociation. The revolution of things in France had at length produced such a state, that it was presumed a dawn of rational liberty began to prevail in that unhappy and long distracted country: it was believed that a sincere desire of peace operated upon the rulers of France; and it was hoped that peace might at length be obtained upon fair, honorable, and secure terms—His majesty's ministers, anxious to avail themselves of this disposition, entered into a negociation for peace: but the circumstances of that negociation proved our mistake—it shewed the fallacy of our hopes, and exposed to open day the gigantic and inordinate ambition of our enemies. There were not wanting those who argued only from our difficulties, and did not hesitate to assert that we ought to contemplate the question in that point of view only, and that peace, upon any terms, was to be preferred to a continuance of the war. He did not mean to deny, that, in the compass of possibilities, such an order of things might have place as to render peace absolutely necessary to a country, however just and necessary the war might be in which they might be engaged. He had now no occasion to enter into that discussion. True it was, at one time public credit seemed to be shaken—many feared or contemplated in silent apathy the total ruin of our funded system, while others believed there was no other alternative but in a peace or national bankruptcy. Although, ultimately, the voice of the people always guided the conduct of the government, yet government was too wise to turn with every popular gale. It was the marked and distinguished character of the British government not to be hastily swayed with hasty or false impressions, but to wait until truth and fact had fixed the lasting stamp of conviction—But even at that time it was not necessary for government to state, that peace could not be obtained on adequate and honorable terms;—it was not necessary for them to tell the people, that not to act with energy and resolution would be to involve themselves in ruin; fortunately the idea of humbling ourselves at the foot of the directorial throne was universally rejected by the whole of the British people with indignant disdain—The spirit of the people supported the resolutions which were adopted; and by a new and judicious scheme of finance, we saw our public credit again rear its head and maintain its accustomed respectability. No sooner did the people perceive that their safety depended upon vigorous exertions, than the burthens imposed upon them, though large, were most cheerfully borne; and the voluntary contributions, in addition to the heavy taxes already imposed far exceeded even our most sanguine expectations. Nor did they stop here; for from being a nation unused to arms, on a sudden they became a nation of soldiers. By this conduct equally prompt and vigorous, our enemies were appalled and intimidated from pursuing their intended invasion on our coasts; they shrunk from their lofty pretensions, and quietly abandoned the schemes of plunder and confiscation they meditated, and with which they had so imperiously threatened us.

Under whatever point of view we considered his majesty's speech, every part of it afforded matter for consolation, and even of triumph for us, and of disgrace and shame to our enemies, who formed a government more wicked in its objects, and terrible in its aspects, than any that has hitherto disgraced the civilized world.—With respect to Ireland, the few troops which they had landed there to support the rebellion previously formed by themselves, were soon crushed by the able exertions of the noble lord who commanded in that country; while the successes against the Dutch in the Texel, where preparation was making for the same object, demanded equal praise to be bestowed upon those who conducted our naval department. And now it was with feelings of the greatest satisfaction he must allude to a naval victory, the most glorious in its atchievment, the most important in its consequences; and the most complete in its effect that ever was recorded in the annals of this, or any other conutry. It told to all the world, that no superiority of force could baffle the skill, or damp the courage of a British sailor. Whatever danger might be supposed to attend our East India possessions, they were now no more to be dreaded. The consequences of this victory, also, were of the most important nature; and here we could not but stop to remark, that though we might have suffered from the painful suspence, while Lord Nelson returned unsuccessful to Syracuse, unable to meet our enemies, yet that delay had been in the event the most fortunate; for had the expedition been defeated in the outset, its destination would have remained unknown, and the French probably would have succeeded in cajoling the Ottoman Porte, that it was not designed against any of their provinces. This they probably would have attempted with a power whom they might suppose too dull to apprehend, or too impotent to revenge. But now this no longer applied: the defeat at Aboukir had infused spirit into the councils of the Porte; it was our victory at Aboukir that roused the continental powers from their torpor: and since that time the deputies of the congress at Rastadt had with vigor repulsed the arrogant demands of the French. Another advantage of this victory was, the relief afforded to the King of Naples, who would be able to annihilate the infant republics formed in Italy, under the influence or controul of the French. The sending of naval reinforcements to that part was also another proof of the able manner in which our naval affairs were conducted.—Another proof of the spirit of the country was, the extent of the commerce, and the consequent amelioration of the funds. It was with satisfaction he could state, that the permanent revenue exceeded this year by half a million the former years, and equalled the most prosperous years of profound peace. Perhaps some might be found, who, from this circumstance, would argue, that we ought to endeavor at peace. It is true, that no form of government ought to be an obstacle to this desired end; no personal character of the individuals exercising government should impede its progress; but we must form an idea of the character of a government from a contemplation of its actions. Look at the conduct of France with respect to America; look at it as relating to Switzerland, and it would immediately appear, that this was not the moment of peace. Switzerland was amused until resistance became too late; and if we had no hopes of peace, we ought to avail ourselves of our successes.—Friendship had taken place between us and the Russians. The Emperor was actuated by no narrow motives, but acted openly and with decision. We should not by any fruitless attempts at peace damp the spirit of those insurgents who had risen against the power of France, and were endeavoring to throw off her yoke; we should not palsy the efforts of the British people, by holding out terms of peace, when none were likely to be obtained; but we should hold out to every government the best hopes of success, in an united attempt against a common enemy.

In fact, he saw no part of the king's speech which did not call for unanimity from all quarters, whether it related to the victory of the first of August—to the suppression of rebellion—to the detection of traiters—to the flourishing state of our commerce—or to the spirit of the people, they were subjects upon which we must all agree. When he contemplated the vigour and unbroken resolution which this nation had diplayed in resisting tyranny, and which had raised it to such a proud pre-eminence, he thought the house must agree in the necessity of continuing a contest—until they had brought to a fortunate conclusion the most arduous conflict in which this or any other nation ever stood engaged.

His Lodship then moved the address, which, as usual, was framed in answer to the speech, and was seconded in a most able and animated speech by *Sir H. S. Mildmay.*

November 23.

The Hamburgh mail due on Wednesday arrived yesterday.

The effect of Lord Nelson's victory, upon the continent, appears very strongly in the proceedings at Rastadt. On all occasions the deputations of the empire, as well as the Austrian ministers in their separate capacities, now adopt a more firm and decisive tone. Under date of the 8th inst. we learn from Rastadt, that an energetic note, on the subject of the French demands, had been delivered by the deputation of the empire to the French plenipotentiatries, in which it protests against the demands, as contrary to the first basis of peace, and as inconsistent with the honour and safety of Germany. This was accompanied by another note, respecting the fortress of Ehrenbreitstein; on which subject the Prussian ministers have also given in a memorial.—In this they treat the objection of the French ministers to enter into the question as futile; and request of the French government that the blockade may be raised, and the fortress revictualled.

The Brussels article of the 8th inst. states, that in consequence of a general attack having been made on the insurgents by the French general Beguinot, in which he every where defeated them, tranquility was restored. This restoration of tranquility appears, however, to be so far from having taken place, that troops are stated in the same article to be daily arriving, in order to quell the revolt; and the department of Dyle had been declared in a state of siege.

The Vienna article of the 7th states, that General Aussenberg had received instructions to maintain the independence of the Grisons.

The Milan article States, that the Austrian troops which had entered the Grison country, had taken possession of all the Grison frontier towns next Italy.

According to the accounts of a Ragusan captain who had arrived at Milan, the harbour of Malta was blocked up by five English and Portuguese ships of the line, and two frigates.

The last accounts from the British squadron on the coast to Egypt, were dated on the 29th of September.—The French transports in the harbour of Alexandria had not then been destroyed; but as a Turkish and Russian combined fleet of twenty-two sail was every day expected to join the British squadron, there can be little doubt but that this important service has long ere now been satisfactorily performed. Lord Nelson was first to proceed to Malta, upon his quitting the port of Naples.

From the latest accounts from France, and such as may be confidently relied upon, the Reign of Terror in that unhappy country is not less strong than it was in the time of the ferocious Robespierre. In the provinces, indeed apprehensions more forcibly prevails than even in the time of that Despot; as a single mind could hardly be supposed capable of such complicated subtlety and mischief, as is to be feared from the confederation vices of five execrable tyrants.

DUBLIN, November 23.

Yesterday morning early, a period was put to the mortal course of the infamous Tone. The inflammation arising from the wound extended itself to the lungs, and is said to have been the immediate cause of his death.

The body of Tone was on Tuesday, delivered to his friends to be buried.

CRACOW, Nov. 3.

The first column of the Russian army employed as Auxiliaries to Austria, has already passed Lublin. It consists of 24,000 men, and is commanded by prince Ferdinand of Wurtemberg, and under him by count Rosenberg. There are Cossacks and Colmacks with it. About the end of this month one column will march by New Titchin, and the other by Trappan

The Emperor of Russia has prohibited Berlin Journals in his dominions, because he thinks timid neutrality, when the general interests of society are concerned, is little less degrading than Gallic fraternity.

LONDON, November 24.

We yesterday received by Express, Paris papers to the 20th inst.

These Journals contain no authentic account respecting Buonaparte. The Naples article, in the Echo of latest date, contains the same account of the defeat of the Pacha of Syria, near St. John d'Acre, which was brought by the last French papers we received, in an article from Rome of the 24th ult. The authority on which it was stated at Rome, was that of letters from Cephalonia and Mesina, This account does not appear to have been credited even at Paris, and the Propagateur makes the following observations on it:

"The authors of these letters who make Buonaparte enter Aleppo on the 16th of September, appear to forget that the distance between Cairo and Aleppo is 100 myriameters and that the last official dispatches from Buonaparte were dated at the former city on the 19th August. Even supposing that an army with so many difficulties to overcome could march three myriameters per day, no less than 33 days would be necessary for this journey. Admitting, therefore, which is very improbable that the army set out on the 20th August, the day following the date of the last dispatches, and that they marched 33 days without stopping, he could not have reached Aleppo until the 22d September. But it was at least six days short of this time that Buonaparte employed on his march, if we were to give credit to the Naples letters. The news appears to us to be premature. The letters may perhaps have mistaken the date, and Buonaparte may have entered Aleppo on the 1st Oct. though it is not to be believed that he did so on the 16th of September.

These observations are alone sufficient to discredit the account. An overland express from India has, we understand, brought intelligence from one of the company's agents, that proves the falsehood of it by a more certain test than its improbability. A vessel carrying dispatches from Buonaparte had been wrecked, but some of the crew had been picked up. From these information was collected, that the French army in Egypt and Syria (for the head quarters of Buonaparte were still at Grand Cairo, while Berthier had advanced into Syria) was in a very desperate situation. Some private letters received by this overland express, even go so far as to assert that Berthier had met with a very considerable check in Syria; but we cannot ascertain that much credit is due to the communication.

The revolt in Flanders appears to be still in a state formidable to the peace of the Directory. The Brussels article of the 14th inst. gives an account of the insurgents being in considerable force, and it appears, from the municipality having required the sedentary National guard to return the arms with which they had been entrusted, and to cease from actual service; that the inhabitants of Brussels are not considered as very firm in their allegiance to their despotic masters.

On Thursday an express, overland from India, was received at the India house, by which the directors are informed that the Earl of Mornington is arrived at Bengal. That every thing is quiet in all parts of our extensive possessions in the east, and that there are no appearances of any extraordinary preparation on the part of Tippoo Saib.

Downing street November 20.

A decree having been published by the French Directory, declaring, that all persons natives of or originally belonging to neutral countries in alliance with France, who may form a part of the crews of any of the King's ships of war, or any other British vessels, shall be considered and treated as pirates; his Majesty has directed it in Great Britain, that if this decree shall in any instance, be carried into effect against any such persons taken in any vessels the property of his Majesty, or of his Majesty's subjects, and navigated under the British flag, it is his Majesty's determination to exercise the most rigorous retaliation against the subjects of the French Republic, whom the chance of war has now placed, or may hereafter place, at the King's disposal.

VIENNA Nov. 4.

In case of the renewal of the war, the Emperor will command the army of Italy in person. After several ministerial conferences, the war loan for the campaign about to be opened, has been fixed the same as the present. fresh contracts have been made with the furnishers of provisions.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

THURSDAY EVENING, *JANUARY* 31.

The piece signed "Candor," and dated at Princeton, cannot be published in this Gazette, for reations which will hereafter appear.

Certain disaffected persons in the township of Blockley, near this city, a few days ago, erected a liberty-pole, bearing an inflammatory label against the government of the United States. Two or three orderly citizens, justly offended by this daring outrage on the laws and honor of their country, immediately levelled it; for which they were yesterday brought before his honor the Chief Justice, who bound them to their future orderly behaviour, and to make their appearance in court! Quere, if to cut down a pole of this infamous nature deserves such wholesome rigor, what will those who erected it deserve?

Extract of a letter from Charleston, South-Carolina, dated the 19th instant.

"I never saw our stores so full of rice, cotton, and tobacco as they are at present; and I never saw, at this season, so few vessels in harbor: twenty stout brigs or ships from the northward, would, very promptly, get freighted on good terms."

The New-York Gazette of yesterday, contains the following article:—"We find nothing new (in the English papers) concerning Buonaparte: but it is said there is an official account in town of his being "*completely dish'd.*"

Two Hundred Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS two Irishmen came last night, drunk, to the house of the subscriber, one of whom held his club over the head of a young man in the office, suspended for an answer to the question if his name was Fenno; the other of whom held in his right hand a naked cutlass; and whereas the aforesaid cowardly ruffians, after bullying the clerk for some time, and threatening vengeance and destruction against me, departed without leaving their names or their business; I hereby offer the above reward, to be paid on conviction. They are both described to me as raw Irishmen, and filthy, dungeon'd looking villains. One of them had on a large cocked-hat, rises six feet four inches in height, and proportionably stout,—black mane and tail,—had on a blue coat edged with white. This fellow held the cutlass.

JOHN WARD FENNO.

N. B. A third, stood centry out-side the door.

Curious as this affair appears at present, it would have appeared much more curious and interesting if these ruffians had not made a timely retreat. The souls of all of them would most assuredly have been delivered up to everlasting sleep, or, as Cobbett says, "they would have taken their flight to Hell from my door-way that night," had they persisted in their intentions. If it were not that the ignorance of these fellows is equal to their cowardice, they would not single out my house as the principle object of their attacks. They imagine themselves assaulting a family composed principally of females: one serious experiment will undeceive them.

It is plain that these three fellows were hired by some person or persons, for the purpose of assassinating me. Their whole conduct authorizes this conclusion; and it is very clear, that they did not come on their own account, from the total ignorance they repeatedly displayed of the grounds on which they were proceeding. As they left the house, they threatened to return in an hour; but have not since made their appearance. If it is asked me *who* hired these men? I cannot answer: If it is asked, who *could* have hired them? it is plain enough. The man who publicly advertised a reward of one hundred dollars for such bravoes, is a proper and legal object of suspicion.

P.S. Since writing the above, I have discovered one of the ruffians, and have a prospect of securing the others.

To be Sold, at Private Sale,

A LOT of ground (in Upper Dublin township, Montgomery county, 14 miles from Philadelphia) containing fifteen acres, adjoining Jeremiah Warder's country seat. On said Lot is erected a two story stone House, a cellar under the whole, 53½ by 24½ feet—two rooms and a Kitchen on the lower flower with an entry through the House, two rooms and an entry on the second floor, and a small Frame House near the same, suitable for a Kitchen or Tenant. A good pump with never-failing water near the door and a Frame Barn 36 feet by 18 with a shed at one end of it. All said buildings were erected in the year 1793, the title is indisputable—Possession will be given the first day of April next, or if said lot is not sold between this and the first of March next it will be let for a season. For further particulars enquire of Jeremiah Warder, No. 12, North Third-street or of the owner, Casper Schlater near the premises.

jrn 21 eodst

Two Dollars Reward.

ELOPED on the 12th instant, an indented Black Lad, named James Matthews, between 16 and 17 years old, and has 4½ years to serve, his time was lately purchased of Micajah Churchman, of Cœcil County, Maryland:—He is about 5 feet 3 inches high, of grum countenance, has a remarkably flat large nose, wide mouth and thick lips; had on a blue coating jacket with a scarlet collar, a drab color waistcoat blue coating trowsers, yarn stockings, a good pair of shoes tied with leather strings, and a round black hat.

It is suspected that he is either harbored by his mother Katharine Sands, a black woman who lives in an alley between 6th and 7th, Cherry and Race streets, or is loitetering about WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

The above reward will be given for bringing him before the Mayor of this City, or for securing him in any jail.

Housekeepers, Masters of Vessels and others are forbid harboring or employing him.

EDWARD DUNAI T.
No. 35, Union-street.

jan 31 ¶dst

Country Seats for Sale.

TWO Seats at convenient distances from Philadelphia, each comprising perfect accommodation and conveniences of every kind for a genteel family—For particulars enquire of

EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
No. 64, Dock-street,

1st mo. 31. ¶ 2aw6w

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

Madras Handkerchiefs,

FOR SALE BY

Mordecai Lewis.

jan. 26. d2w

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40 Boxes of Fresh Citron

Just arrived via New-York, and for Sale by

JOHN CRAIG,

Who has also for Sale,

Old Madeira Wine

of the first quality,

India Muslins,

coarse and fine, &c.

A quantity of the best English large leaf

Clover Seed.

jan. 21. d1w

TO BE SOLD,

A two story Stone House,

LATELY built, with two acres of land, on the Bristol road, about a mile above Frankfort. The situation is high and healthy, and the water excellent.—For terms apply to Mr. *John McClelland*, or Mr. *Richard Whitehead*, No. 62, Vine-street.

Jan. 21 d2w

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the Directors of the Bank of Pennsylvania for the renewal of a Certificate for 2 share in the said Bank, No 1282, dated July 24th 1797, standing in the name of JOSEPH REED, the same having been accidentally lost or destroyed,

Philad. Jan. 25. d6w

FILTERING STONES.

Of an excellent quality for Snips or Families

FOR SALE BY

Thomas & Joshua Fisher.

No. 5, Dock street.

1st mo. 25. d2w

ALL PERSONS

Indebted to the Estate of Mr. JOHN FENNO, late of Philadelphia, deceased, are desired to make payment, and those having any demands, to present them for settlement, to

SAMUEL BLODGET, Adm'r.

or

JOHN WARD FENNO, Agent to the administration.

nov. 30 6tm

JAMAICA RUM,

A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,

FOR SALE BY

PETER BLIGHT,

Apply at Stores on the Wharf,

WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,

BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof

Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. dtf

Five Dollars Reward.

STOLEN yesterday morning, between 10 and 12 o'clock, from No. 68, South Fourth Street,

A Single case Silver Watch,

the maker's name Marknoble—number not known. The letters W. H. are scratched on the rim of the case—a steel chain and key, gilt seal with a cypher W. H. engraved on it. Whoever will give me information so that the thief may be brought to justice shall receive the above reward.

W. HAYDON.

jan 21

Stray Horse.

WAS taken up, trespassing on the subscriber, in the township of Passyunk, in the county of Philadelphia, a grey Horse, about fourteen hands high, thirteen or fourteen years old, blind of his right eye, and shod before. Whoever has lost him, by proving property and paying charges, may him again on applying to the subscriber.

JOHN SINK,

On the Banks of Schuylkill.

jan. 19, ¶

WHEREAS

ISAAC PAINTER having made an assignment of all hi property to me the subscriber for the benefit of his creditors, this is to request all persons indebted to the said Isaac Painter, to prevent further trouble, to make immediate payment to me the subscriber; and all those having any demands against him to render in their accounts to

JACOB CLARK, Assignee.

jan. 26 dtf

NOTICE,

PURSUANT to a Resolve of the Board of Trustees of Washington Academy, in Somerset county, Maryland, authorising WILLIAM POLK, esqr. majors SAMUEL WILSON, and WILLIAM JONES, Members of said Board, to procure a principal teacher for said Academy.—NOTICE is hereby given, that a gentleman qualified to teach the Greek and Latin Languages, Geography and the Mathematics, and such other branches of Literature as it is customary to teach in such Schools, will meet with liberal encouragement and it is presumed will be well accommodated in taking charge of this Academy. The building is spacious and will accomodate at least sixty Students.

Proposals may be addressed to John Dennis, No. 161 Arch-street, or William Winder, accountant in the Navy department, Walnut street, Philadelphia, or to either of the three gentlemen above mentioned, near Princess Anne, Maryland.

dec 17 §

NOTICE.

THE co partnership of JOHN GREEN & Co is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—All persons indebted to the said Firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any demands to present them for settlement to any one of the Subscribers—each being duly authorized to adjust the same.

JOHN GREEN.
EDMUND DARCH.
SAMUEL DARCH.

N. B.—They have the remainder of their stock of Goods—consisting of

Ironmongery, Hardware, &c.

At No. 16, North Second Street, which they are selling on very low terms to close the business.

jan. 18 taw3w

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to JAMES EMLEN, late of Middletown, in the county of Delaware, deceased, are requested to make payment to either of the subscribers, whom they shall find it most convenient to call on; and all persons having demands, will be pleased in like manner, to furnish them, that they may be paid.

All rents, which fell due on or before the fourth day of the 10th month last are payable to the subscribers and those which accrued after that day will be payable to the guardians of his children, who will duly notify the tennants where to pay the same.

MIERS FISHER, of Philadelphia, } *Executors.*
ABM. PENNELL, of Middletown, }

dec 18 2aw6w

WHEREAS,

BY an Act of Congress passed on the sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, the President of the United States is authorised to borrow on behalf of the United States from the Bank of the United States, or from any other body or bodies politic or corporate, or from any person or persons, and upon such terms and conditions as he shall judge most advantageous for the United States, a sum not exceeding five millions of dollars, so however, that no contract or engagement be made which shall preclude the United States from reimbursing any sum or sums borrowed at any time after the expiration of fifteen years from the date of such loan. *And whereas*, it is declared by the said Act, that so much as may be necessary of the surplus of the duties on Imports and Tonnage beyond the permanent appropriati ns here toforecharged upon them by law, shall be pledged and appropriated for paying the interest, and also for paying and discharging the principal sum or sums of all the monies which may be borrowed, according to the term or terms which may be fixed, pursuant to the authority aforesaid—*And whereas* by the said Act, the faith of the United States is pledged to establish sufficient permanent Revenues for making up any deficiency that may hereafter appear in the provisions before-mentioned for paying the interest and principal sums, or either of them, of any monies which may be borrowed pursuant to the said Act. *And whereas* the President of the United States did by an Act or Commission under his hand dated the ninth day of January in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, authorise and empower, the Secretary of the Treasury, to borrow on behalf of the United States, any sum not exceeding in the whole, five millions of dollars and to make such contract or contracts as should be necessary, and for the interest of the United States, in pursuance of the Act of Congress above recited.

Now therefore, the undersigned, Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of the Act of Congress, and the authority from the President of the United States, above mentioned, doth hereby on behalf of the United States of America, contract and engage in manner following, *to wit.*

1st. A book for receiving subscriptions to a Loan of five millions of dollars for the use of the United States shall be opened in the city of Philadelphia, at the Bank of the United States on Thursday the twenty eighth day of February ensuing, which book shall continue open for the purpose of receiving subscriptions, until the whole of the said five millions of dollars shall be subscribed. If more than five millions of dollars shall be subscribed on the first day of opening the said loan, the surplus shall be deducted in proportion to the sums subscribed by individuals, exceeding four thousand dollars.

2d. For every hundred dollars which may be subscribed there shall forthwith deposited and paid the sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents, and like payments of twelve dollars and fifty cents, shall be made within the first ten days of the months of April, May, June, July, August September and October ensuing. The Secretary of the Treasury however reserves the right of reducing the number of installments by special agreements, with the individuals who may become subscribers.

3d. On the failure of payment of any installment of the sums subscribed according to the tenor of the second article, the next preceeding installment of twelve dollars and fifty cents, which shall have been paid, for every hundred dollars subscribed shall be forfeited to the United States.

4th, The sums subscribed shall and may be paid to the credit of the United States, at the Bank of the United States, or at the offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank at Boston, New-York, Baltimore, or Charleston, or at either of the Banks of Salem, in Massachusetts, Newport and Providence in Rhode-Island, Hartford in Connecticut, Albany in New-York, or Alexandria in Virginia, for which payments, the receipts of the Cashiers of the Offices of Discount and Deposit and of the Banks aforesaid shall be received at the Bank of the United States as equivalent to money; but no payment of a subsequent installment shall be received at any other place than that where the first installment was paid, except at the Bank of the United States; in case any deposits shall be made at the offices of Discount or Deposit, or at either of the Banks aforesaid, which shall not be applied to the payment of the first installment of subscriptions to the Loan aforesaid, the said deposits shall be forthwith refunded by directions from the Treasury.

5th. For the sums or number of shares of one hundred dollars, which may be subscribed, certificates shall be given by the Cashier of the Bank of the United States, which shall be assignable by indorsement, and delivery of the parties in whose favour the said certificates may be issued, until the completion of the payments required by the tenor of the second article preceeding.

6th. The sums subscribed and paid in purfuance of the tenor of the second article preceeding, shall after the said payments have been compleated, constitute a funded capital stock divisible into shares of one hundred dollars each, which capital stock shall bear interest at the rate of eight per centum per annum from the times fixed for the payment of the respective installments payable quarter yearly at the Treasury of the United States, or at the Loan Offices where the same may stand credited, until the last day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eight.

7th. After the last day of December in the said year one thousand eight hundred and eight, and after reasonable notice to the creditors, which shall be given by an advertisement in some public newspaper, printed at the seat of the government of the United States, the said capital stock shall be redeemable at the pleasure of the United States by the reimbursement of the whole sum or sums borrowed, and which may constitute the said capital stock either at the treasury of the United States or at the loan offices where the same may stand credited.

8th. The credits for the said capital stock shall and may be separately certified in sums either for one hundred, four hundred, one thousand, four thousand or ten thousand dollars, and the credits so certified shall be transferable by the creditors, or their attornies, at the Treasury and Loan Offices respectively, in pursuance of the rules which have been, or which may be established relative to the transfer of the funded stock of the United States,

9th. A sufficient sum of the surplus of the duties on Imports and Tonnage beyond the permanent appropriations heretofore charged upon them by law, together with the faith of the United States are hereby pledged for the fulfillment of this contract, in pursuance of, and according to the terms and conditions of the act of Congress herein before recited.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Treasury of the United States at Philadelphia, this twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine.

(L. S.)

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

jan. 12. §

IMPORTED

In the last arrivals from Bremen, Hamburg and Amsterdam,

AND FOR SALE,

AT REASONABLE PRICES AND ON A LIBERAL CREDIT, BY

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 95, North Water street

215 bales & boxes Ticklenburghs, hempen linens and oznabrigs from 15 to 35 per ell

70 do. bleached and brown hessians

40 do. brown rolls suitable for coffee bags

20 do. strong do. do. for cotton do.

30 chests platillas
3 do. dowlas
30 do. creas a la Morlaix
12 do. estopailles
15 do. Bielefield linen
90 do. patterbornes
45 do Brittanias
1 do. Holland canvass
1 do. Russia do.
3 do. Russia sheetings
1 do. ravens duck
2 do. Russia drillens
1 do. brown holland
2 do. Silesia rouans
1 do. Wahrendrop linen
1 do. Caraudoles
1 do. Flemish linens
1 do. cambricks and lawns
1 do. diaper
12 do. stripes
18 do. checks
2 do. damois
1 do. Arabia stripe
1 do. bunting for colors
1 packa. Madras handkerchiefs
1 do. Turkey yarn
6 bales empty bags
1 chest hair ribband
3 boxes tapes, assorted
2 do. bobbin, assorted
1 box threads & tapes
1 do. fine blue listados
5 chests men's slippers
3 do. bed ticks
2 casts hog's bristles
6 chests writing paper
4 do. quills
2 do. sealing-wax
3 packages oil-cloth
4 do. sail-twine
1 do. watches
14 pipes Port wine
92 cases claret
130 do fine long corked claret
1600 bushels fine salt
40 casks of roll brimstone
200 casks of naval stores.
50 logs prime mahogany
4 hhds. coffee mills
6 bundles German steel
10 chests of slates and pencils
A package of skates
A do. woolen caps, &c.
4 chests of Nurenberg toys
40 kegs of yellow ochre
3 hhds. Glue
8 barrels of Lentilles
5 chests of prime red cruft Holland cheese
30 kegs of pearl barley
60 boxes of capers
400 sides of upper and soal leather
300 boxes window glass
800 Demijohns
50 boxes glass tumblers assorted
2 hhds. pumice stone
1 box of mill saws
1 cask of cutlery
A quantity of stone jugs and pickling pots
A few ships anchors, &c.

november 12 tu&f-tf

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL,

400 Casks of Nails,

CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—sprigs—tacks—tupper nails—sheathing nails, &c.

FOR SALE BY,

Robert Denison, junr.

127 Market-street.

THE SUBSCRIBER

LATELY OF THE HOUSE OF

LANE, GODFREY & Co.

INFORMS his friends in particular and the public in general, that he continues in the same line of business as formerly at the store lately occupied by Messrs. Morgan and Price, on Stamper's wharf, below the Drawbridge, where he has for sale a general assortment of bar, rod, sheet and hoop iron, country and English steel, open and ten plate stoves, a few pair of double fortified 4 and 6lb iron cannon, cannon ball and grape shot, forge haminars and anvils, a quantity of cast iron ballast for vessels, chimney backs and jams on a new and improved plan. Hollow ware assorted. Orders for any kind of casting will be received at the store and executed at the air furnace at the shortest notice.

A small House to let,

Above Fifth street—Enquire of the Subscriber.

WM. LANE.

jan. 3. eod1st

CHARLES CAMPBELL,

WATCH-MAKER.

HAS removed to the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *John Wood*, No. 55, corner of Front and Chesnut-streets; where he will thankfully receive and execute orders with neatness and dispatch

HE HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

A Neat and Large Assortment of

Clocks & Watches.

WANTED,

A JOURNEYMAN;

ALSO, one or two Apprentices of respectable parents.

FOR SALE,

A large quantity of Watch Glasses

Wholesale and Retail.

nov 24 3awtf

To be Sold,

OR EXCHANGED,

For property in the City, or within Thirty miles of it,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION,

IN Tuscorora Valley, Mifflin county, containing about three hundred acres, the whole capable of cultivation. At present there is about 50 acres cleared, 20 of which is a rich bottom of Meadow Ground, enriched by a never failing stream, that has fall and water enough for all the purposes of a Country Mill. For further information apply at No. 68, Market street.

november 20 taw

NOTICE.

THE creditors of George Johnston, late of Queen Ann's county, in the state of Maryland, deceased, are hereby requested to appear at Church Hill, in the county and state aforesaid, on Thursday the 21st day of January next, with their claims against the said deceased, properly authenticated, at which time a proportionable division of the assets in the hands of the subscriber will be made among the creditors according to law; and those who do not appear on the said day, will be forever precluded from their claims on the said estate.

REBECCA JOHNSTON, Executrix.

Church Hill, Dec. 22.

This Day is Published,

AND FOR SALE BY J. FENNO, 119, CHESNUT-STREET

AN ADDRESS

To the People of Maryland,

ON the origin, progress and present state of French aggression, with a sketch of the infamous attempts to degrade the Government of the United States, and some reflections on the late proceedings in Congress; written the last of April in the present year, by a Member of the House of Representatives. § june 11

BREAD

TO be delivered to the Poor of the City and Liberties at Friends Meeting House in Market, the corner of Second street, on Friday the 16th of February, at 10 o'clock, agreeable to the wills of Petty and Carter.

The guardians of the poor are requested to give their attendance agreeable to a resolve of the General Board of the 24th instant.

Jonathan Robeson, President of the General Board of Guardians

Philadelphia, January 28, 1799 dtFt

Richard Bayley & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Retail Business carried on by them at their Store, No. 136, Market-street, will in future be carried on by Mr. WM. BONNAR, whom they beg leave to recommend to the favor of their friends and the public.

—

ALL PERSONS indebted to the above firm and those to whom they are indebted, will please to apply to JOHN & RICHARDS & Co for the settlement of their respective accounts, who are duly empowered for that purpose.

Richard Bayley & Co.

WILLIAM BONNAR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that the above Store will be opened by him on Monday the 4th of February next, with an assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which he flatters himself will meet the approbation of those who honor him with their favor.

jan 29. §

WANTED,

To Article for two or three

years a young Man to a profitable business—For particulars enquire at no. 68, south Fourth street

A person who has some knowledge of painting or drawing would be preferred.

W. HAYDON,

WHO HAS

A Cellar to Let.

jan 11 §

POCKET BOOKS, for the year 1799.

THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,

By WILLIAM Y. BIRCH,

No, 17, South Second-street.

THE AMERICAN LADIES

POCKET-BOOK;

FOR THE YEAR 1799.

Embellished with miniature likenesses of the President of the United States and General Washington; containing an Almanack, ruled pages for memorandums, and for an account of monies received, paid or lent, for every day in the year new country dances, miscellaneous pieces in prose and verse, new songs, a marketing table, and other useful tables.

ALSO,

THE GENTLEMAN'S ANNUAL

POCKET REMEMBRANCER,

FOR THE YEAR 1799.

Embellished with the same miniature likenesses, containing an almanack, ruled pages for memorandums and a cash account, a list of the members of Congress, the departments of State, War, Navy, Treasury and Judiciary, with an account of what is material in each; the federal courts of law, Mint establishment, heads of all the most important acts of last session of Congress, a list of the stamp duties, of duties payable on goods imported and on domestic articles, a list of the British navy several useful tables, and other interesting matter.

The above books are neatly bound in red leather with tucks and pockets.

Sold also by G. Hill, Baltimore; Somerville, New York; Bailey and Waller, Charleston; and by the principal booksellers in Boston.

WHERE ALSO MAY BE HAD,

[price 12 1-2 cents.]

Heads of the most important acts of the last session of Congress, printed in a pocket size, and neatly done up in marble paper.

W. Y. BIRCH has for sale, a good assortment of merchants' account books, paper and other stationary goods, playing cards, hair and leather trunks.

dec 19 w4w

ABNER BRIGGS,

Of the City of Philadelphia,

STOREKEEPER,

HAVING assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of all his creditors—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO all persons who are indebted to the said Estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment of their respective accounts, to either of the assignees; in failure whereof, legal measures will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged without further delay.

GEORGE PENNOCK,
WILLIAM FRENCH.

January 2 wed.&fr.6w

LANDING,

From on board the Brig EXPERIMENT,

WHELAN, from Surrinam and the sch. FRIENDSHIP *WALLACE, from the Havanna,*

At Mifflin's Wharf,

81 Bales best Surrinam Cotton,

40 Hogsheads } COFFEE.
91 Barrels }
54 Hhds Surrinam Molasses
46 do. Havanna ditto
130 Boxes white and brown Havanna Sugar
64 M. best Spanish Segars,

HAVE ON HAND,

Queen's Ware, in Crates, assorted,
Irish Linnens and Checks, in Boxes,
And an assortment of German Goods.

For Sale by

SMITH & RIDGWAY,

No. 47, North Water-street.

jan. 29 eod3t

A handsome compensation will be

given to a person of unexceptionable moral character, and who has received a liberal education, for instructing a select number of young persons in Geography, Arithmetic, Writing, and Reading—His attention only will be required part of the day, unless his wishes would be to engage in a more general plan——Enquire at the office of this Gazette.

January 26. eod3t

ALL Persons having any Demands against the estate of the late Robert Hardie, mariner, deceased, are hereby requested to present them for settlement, and all those indebted to said estate, to make payment to either of the subscribers

PETER BAYNTON, *Walnut-street.* } *Executors*
JOHN CRAIG, *No. 12, Dock-street.* }

jan. 14. 3awtf

MAYOR'S OFFICE

REMOVED to 157 South Second street.

§2w

Just Published

BY THOMAS DOBSON,

At the Stone-house, no. 41, south Second-street,

PHILADELPHIA,

ENCYCLOPÆDIA:

OR, A

DICTIONARY

OF

ARTS AND SCIENCES,

AND

MISCELLANEOUS LITERATURE,

On a PLAN entirely NEW.

BY WHICH

THE DIFFERENT SCIENCES AND ARTS

Are digested into the Form of Distinct

TREATISES OR SYSTEMS

COMPREHENDING

THE History, Theory, and Practice, of each, according to the latest discoveries and improvements: and full explanations given of the *Various Detached Parts of Knowledge*, whether relating to natural and artificial objects, or to matters ecclesiastical, civil, military, commercial, &c. Including elucidation of the most important topics relative to religion, morals, manners, and the œconomy of life: together with a description of all the countries, cities, principal mountains, seas, rivers &c. throughout the world; a general history, *ancient* and *modern*, of the different empires, kingdoms and states; and an account of the lives of the most eminent persons in every nation, from the earliest ages down to the present times. Compiled from the writings of the best authors, in several languages; the most approved dictionaries, as well of general science as of particular branches; the transactions, journals, and memoirs, of learned societies; the MS. lectures of eminent professors on different sciences; and a variety of original materials, furnished by an extensive correspondence.

The work is now completed in eighteen large quarto volumes, illustrated with five hundred and forty-two copperplates.

The few copies which remain on hand are offered for sale at

135 dollars for the 18 volumes in boards
162 dollars neatly bound in sheep leather
180 dollars handsomely bound in Calf
207 dollars in Russia or Morocco.

T. DOBSON,

HAS JUST OPENED A

SUBSCRIPTION,

For Publishing a Supplement to the Work

The object of which is to correct such mis-statements as have been found in the Work, and to give an account of the most important discoveries and improvements which have been made for the last ten years.

It is expected this supplement will consist of three volumes, on such paper and type as the Encyclopedia, at Six Dollars per volume, in boards. Six Dollars of which to be paid on subscribing,

dec 15 2aw6w

Is there an American, *young or old, not interested in the History of the first Rise and Progress of his native Country, and from so celebrated a pen as that of Doctor* Robertson?

Just Published,

AND TO BE SOLD BY

JAMES HUMPHREYS,

No. 59, south Third street, opposite the Bank of the United States,

(Price one dollar neatly bound and lettered, in boards, six shillings)

Dr. Robertson's History of

(BRITISH)

AMERICA,

Containing

The history of Virginia to the year 1685, and the history of New-England to the year 1652, being what the Doctor had completed previous to his death. It has lately been given to the public with a preface by his son at Edinburgh, has already passed through three or four editions, and has been translated and published in

French at Paris.

Mr. Robertson in his preface observes,

"During the course of tedious illness, which he early foresaw would have a fatal termination, Dr. Robertson at different times destroyed many of his papers: But after his death, I found that part of the History of (British) America which he had wrote many years before, and which is now offered to the public. It is written with his own hand as all his works were; it is as carefully corrected as any part of his manuscripts which I have ever seen; and he had thought it worthy of being preserved, as it escaped the flames to which so many other papers had been committed. I read it with the utmost attention; but, before I came to any resolution about the publication, I put the MSS. into the hands of some of those friends whom my father used to consult on such occasions, as it would have been rashness and presumption in me, to have trusted to my own partial decision. It was perused by some other persons also, in whose taste and judgment I have the greatest confidence: by all of them I was encouraged to offer it to the public, as curious and interesting in itself, and not inferior to any of my father's other works."

The Editor of the Paris Edition apostrophizes the above work in the following manner.

"Every thing ensures success to this volume the talents and reputation of the author, and the impression still recent in the minds of all who have read the excellent work of which this is the completion—all conspire to give it an extensive spread. The history of America was the master-piece of one of the two ablest, or rather one of the two only modern historians. He has created this part of history, distinguished this chaos of the New World, distinguished with the hand of a master the part of genius, fortune, courage and crime, and conquered as it were, America, for literary, commercial, and political Europe.

"To ensure this last volume circulation, it is necessary only to name its author, and to remark, it possesses all that acuteness of observation, that perspicuity of exposition, the art of referring effects to causes, and of mingling with the account of events, the wholesomest and most approved priciples of morals and politics, for which this writer was so eminently conspicuous—In short, that it exhibits the talents of ROBERTSON."

jan. 19. f3t

SAMUEL PARKER,

BRASS AND BELL FOUNDER,

No. 137, MULBERRY-STREET.

CONTINUES to carry on the Brass-foundery Business as usual, where his former customers and the public may be supplied with castings for machines to any pattern, rudder braces, bolts, &c. for ships.

It may be proper to add, that, as it has been reported he had declined the business, S. P. takes this means of informing the public that he is making arrangements to carry it on still more extensively, hoping thereby to comply promptly with such orders as he may have to execute.

☞ BELLS, of any size, cast for churches and other institutions; printers rules, &c.

jan. 23 eo3t